

# Supporting Information for ”The Cusp as a VLF Saucer Source: First Rocket Observations of Long-Duration VLF Saucers on the Dayside”

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## Contents of this file

1. Table S1
2. Captions for table S1

**Introduction** A table with time of closest approach,  $t_0$ , separation distances,  $x_0$  and source heights,  $h$ , to saucer sources labeled in Figure 2b of paper for both the straight line approximation and using ray tracing.

**Table S1.** Best-fit  $t_0$ ,  $x_0$  and  $h$  values for each event labeled in Figure 2b using the straight line approximation for the source location, and for the ray tracing approximation of the source location, which assumes  $x_0 = 0$ .

Event	$t_0$ [sec]	$x_0$ [km]	$h$ [km] straight	$h$ [km] trace
1	234	120	1210	2500
2	293	170	1740	2600
3	286	90	1210	2300
4	377	100	1390	1500
5	313	140	1980	2800
6	406	150	2560	2500
7	356	210	3140	4700
8	429	10	2340	1900
9	515	40	3980	3100
10	461	0	2900	2100
11	459	10	2700	2000
12	449	20	2290	1700