The DAS experiment using MIT telecommunication dark fibers

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In collaboration with Nori Nakata May 25, 2022

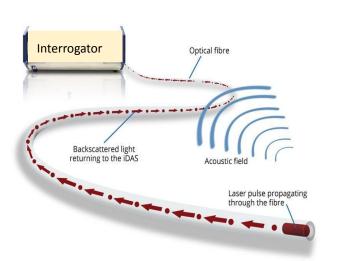


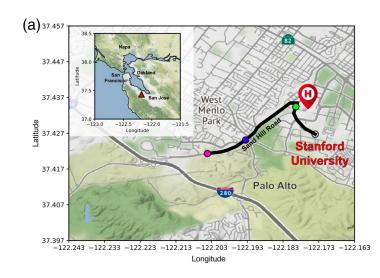




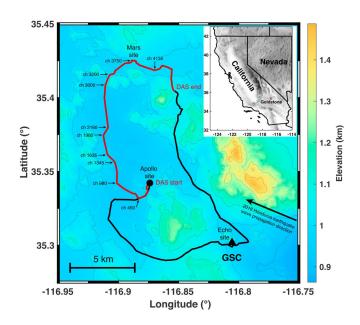
Telecom cable as seismic antenna

- With Distributed Acoustic Sensing (DAS): Measuring strain rate.
- Applications
 - Traffic monitoring
 - Shallow/deep structure
 - Subsurface properties changes monitoring









Goldstone (Yu et al., 2019)

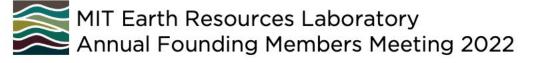




Content

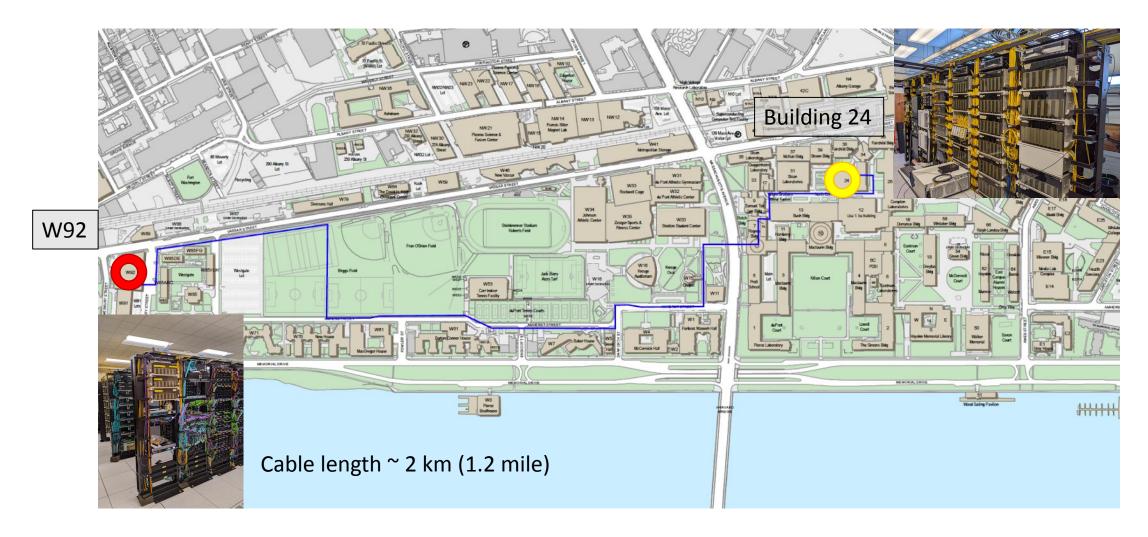
- The DAS experiment overview
- What is in the data?
- Bonus:
 - Collocated active geophone survey
- Analysis in progress







The dark-fiber underlying the MIT campus







The dark-fiber underlying the MIT campus



Buried at 2—5 ft depth underground



Bundled in layers of polyethylene and plastic tubing.



Suspended when passing main buildings.





On-campus DAS demonstration with Silixa

- 1. Tutorial in the classroom.
- 2. Setting up in the telecommunication cable hub at Building 24.

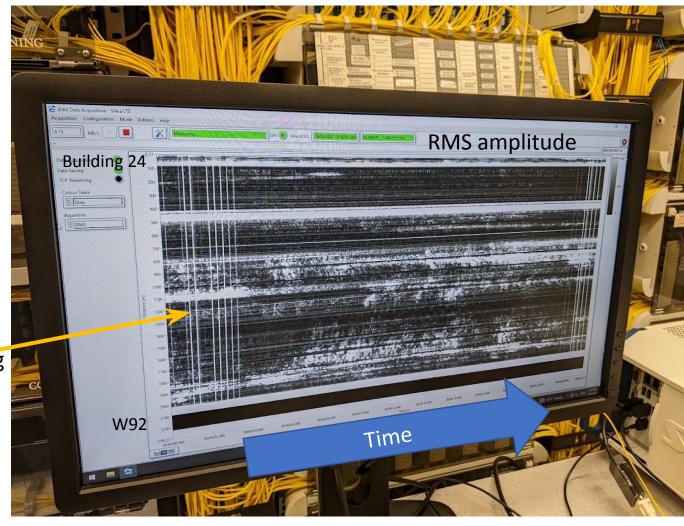








Real-time monitoring



Interrogator shaking

https://drive.google.com/file/d/1L8ZcDbf9SHfFfHENttMm_K92NNT7gVhZ/view



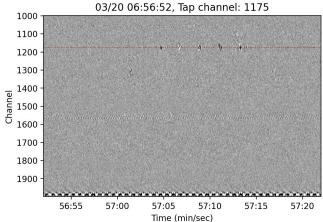


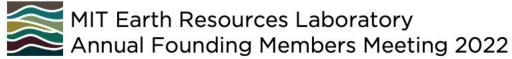
Locate the DAS channels on the map

Using tap test during quite time







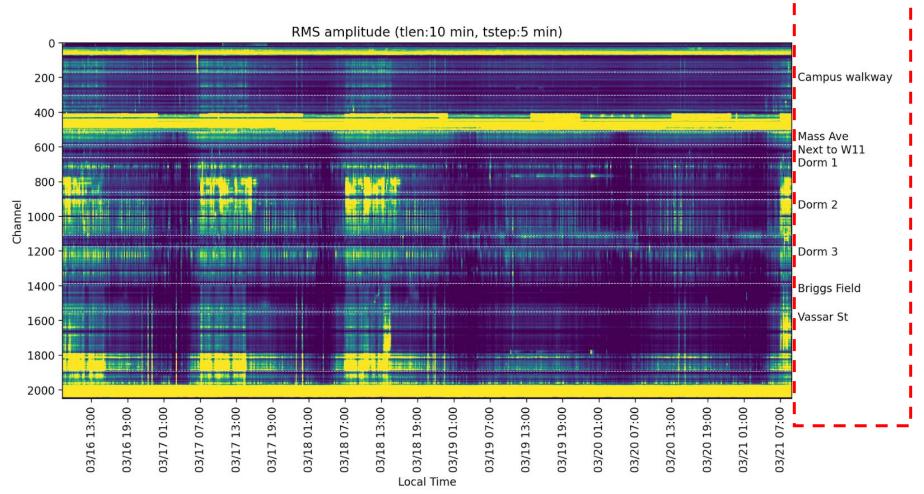




What is in the data?

• 5 days of continuous data

Corresponding locations identified by tap test

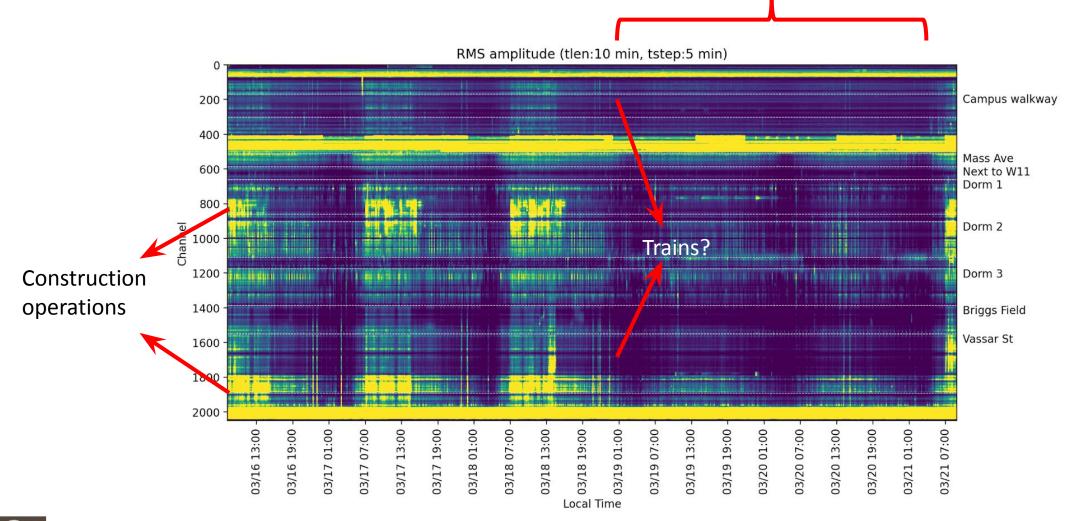




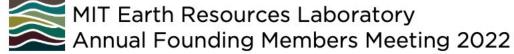


What is in the data?

• 5 days of continuous data



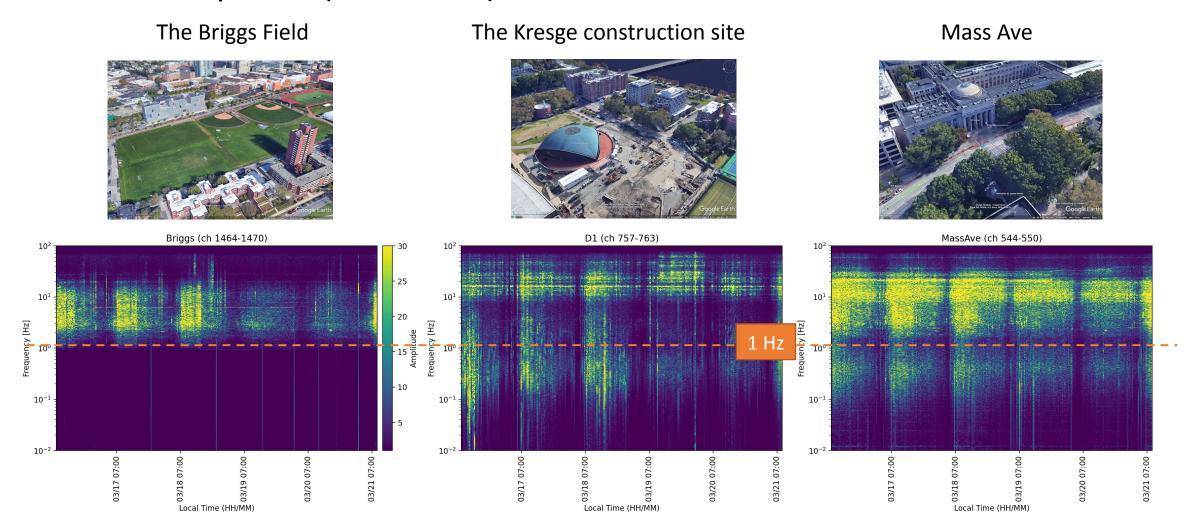
Weekend





Dominant frequency band 0.1–30 Hz

Evolution of spectra (strain rate)

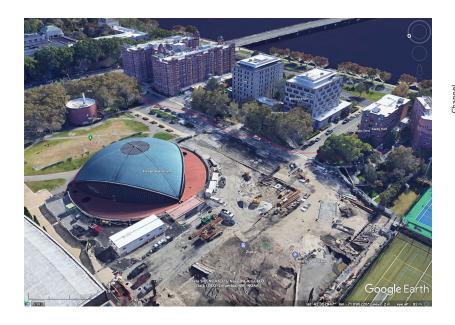


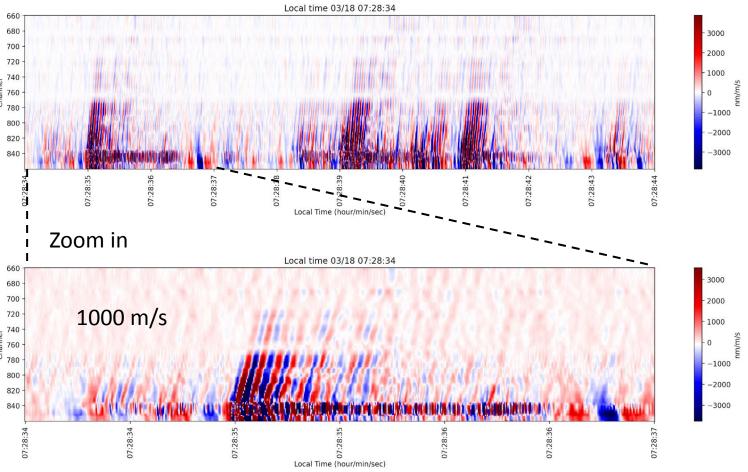




Construction operations

The Kresge construction site







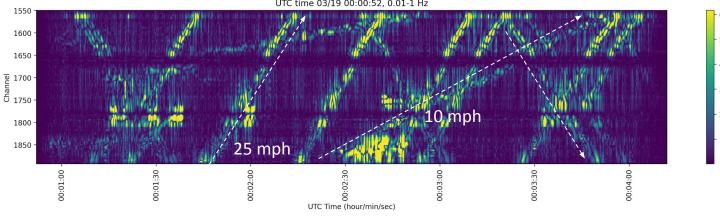


Traffic and train tracks

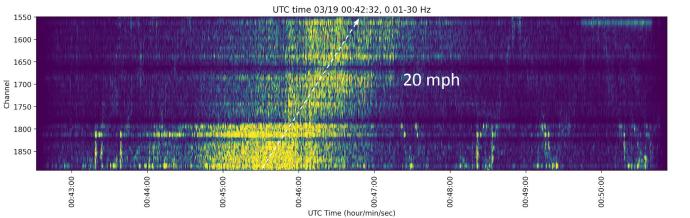
Vassar Street



Vehicles along Vassar street



Small train passing



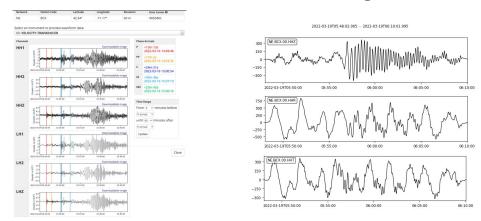


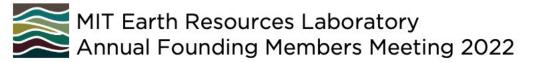


Target teleseismic earthquakes in the 5 days.



BCX seismic station recordings







Earthquake arrived at busy time is buried behind local noises.

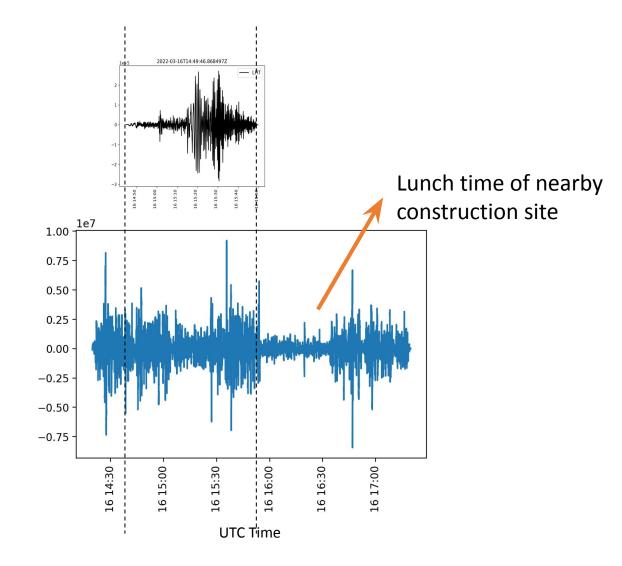
• M 7.3 in Japan

BCX station

Particle Velocity

DAS strain

Stacked along Vassar street (~300 channels)





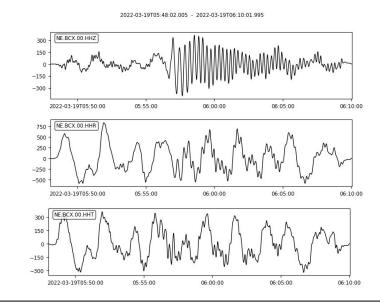


Earthquake arrived at quite time have better chance to be identified.

M5.0 Mid-Atlantic

BCX station

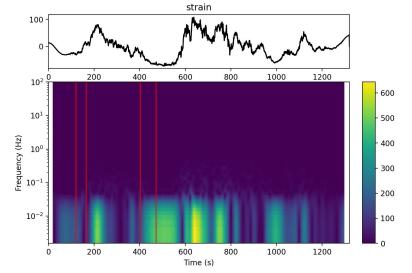
Particle Velocity



DAS strain

Stacked all NE-SW oriented cable sections (~1400 channels)

Phase-weighted stacking $s(t) = rac{1}{N} \sum_{j=1}^N x(t)_j c(t)^
u$

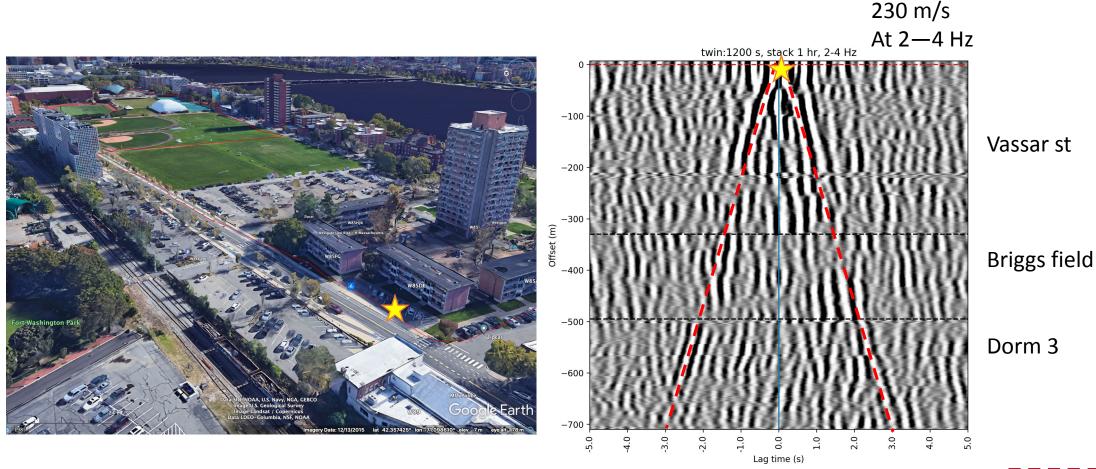






Potential for subsurface monitoring

• Using interferometry to extract signals.







Collect co-located active geophone data

Hammer source





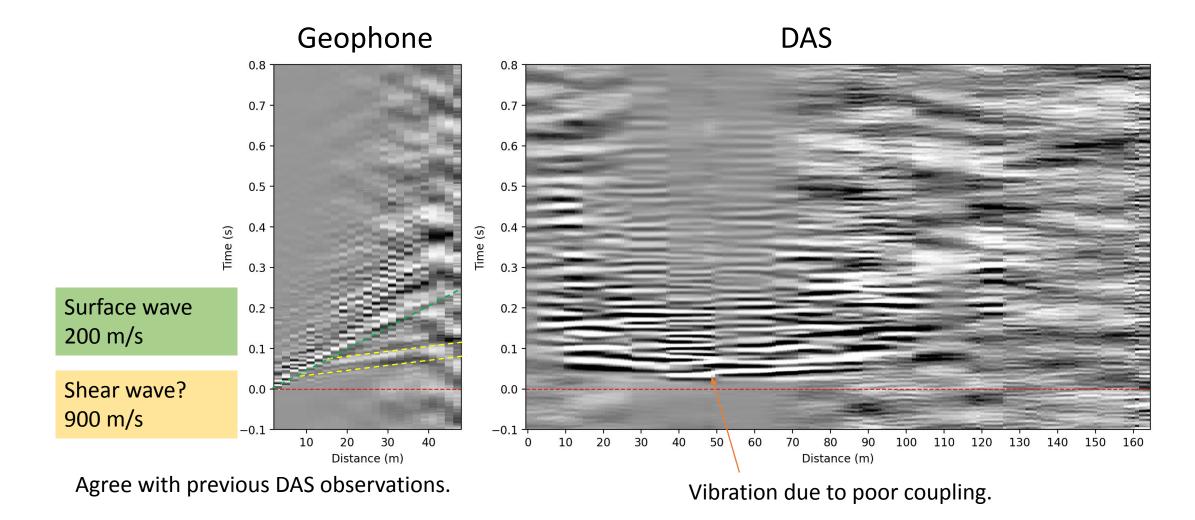








Geophone data can be used as constraints







Analysis in progress

- Receiver functions
 - Explore different processing strategy to enhance teleseismic signal.
- Subsurface properties analyzing/monitoring
 - Using local sources (source distributions?).
 - Compare with geophone data.
- Traffic monitoring.





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