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The Critical Latitudes of Jupiter and Saturn

From Major Liabilities to Major Assets

Timothy E. Dowling, *University of Louisville*

Critical Latitude:

Local max. or min.

of PV = spin/depth ratio

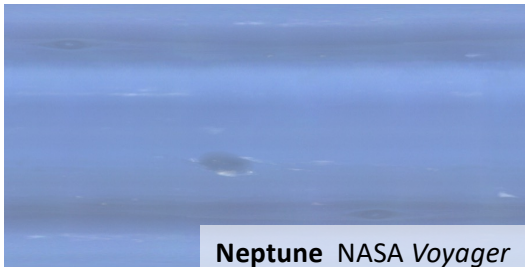
The Critical Latitudes of Jupiter and Saturn

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Critical Latitude:
Where Rossby waves
reverse direction

(The ice giants are not in this discussion because they do not have multiple critical latitudes.)



Neptune NASA Voyager

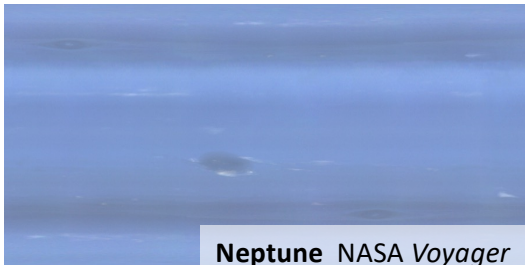
The Critical Latitudes of Jupiter and Saturn

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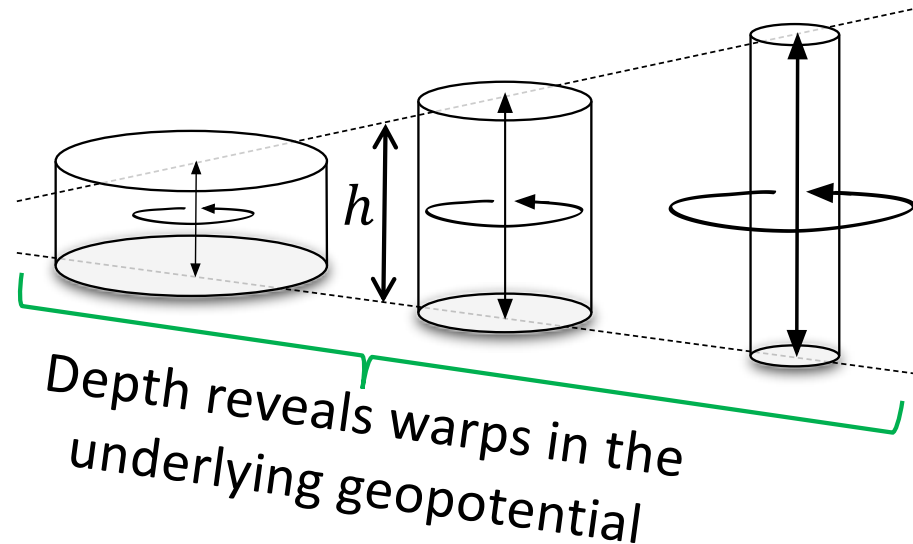
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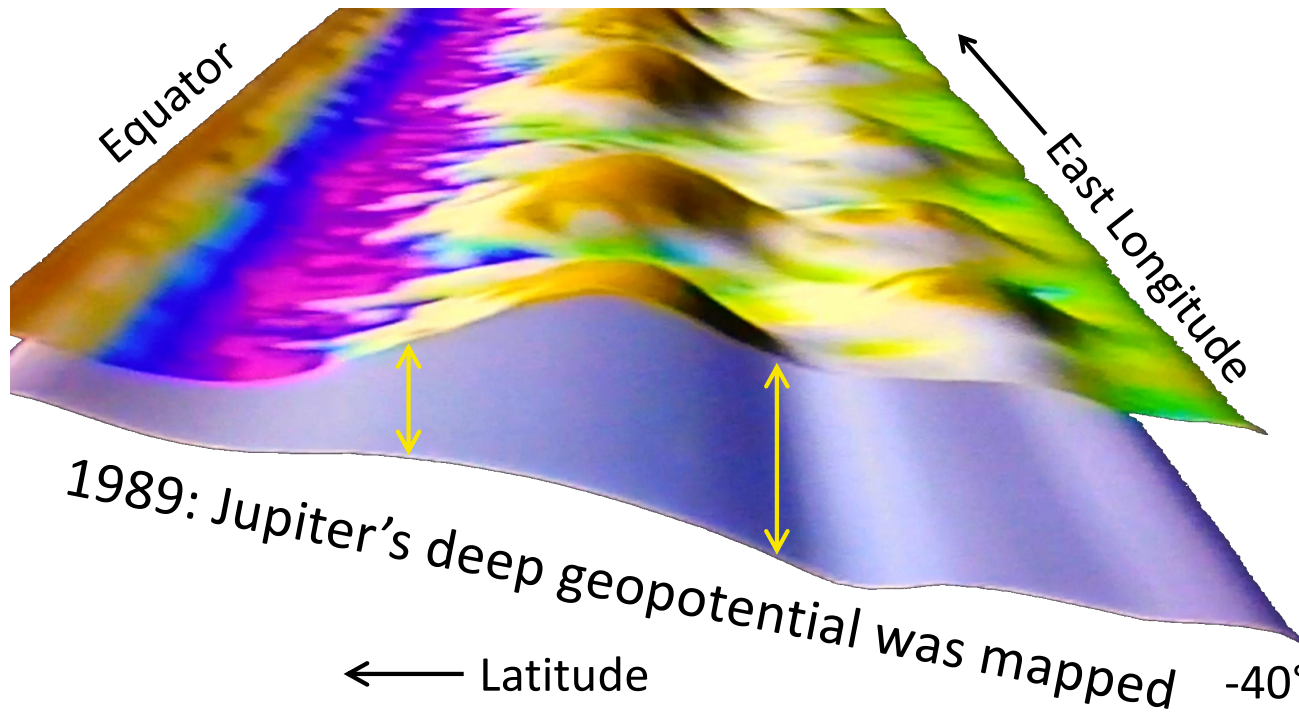
Critical Latitude:
Where Rossby waves
reverse direction

(The ice giants are not in this discussion because they do not have multiple critical latitudes.)



Spin is proportional to depth:
 $(\zeta + f) = PV * h$





*Deep undulations are
the tops of deep jets.*

✓ Juno

1988: Jupiter's Great Red Spot (GRS) was discovered to be twice as deep on its poleward side as its equatorward side.

Juno: PJ7 MWR, Cheng Li (private comm.)

References

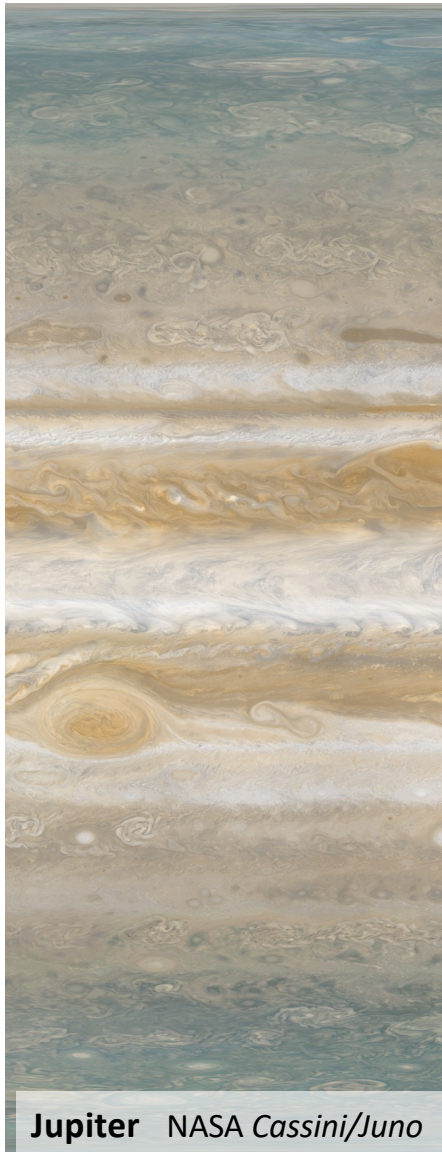
- Dowling and Ingersoll, 1988, *J. Atmos. Sci.* 45, 1380–1396
- Dowling and Ingersoll, 1989, *J. Atmos. Sci.* 46, 3256–3278
- Kaspi et al., 2018, *Nature* 555, 223–226

The tops of Jupiter's deep jets were discovered by:

1. Abandoning the established approach of assuming one form of interior-jet structure or another.

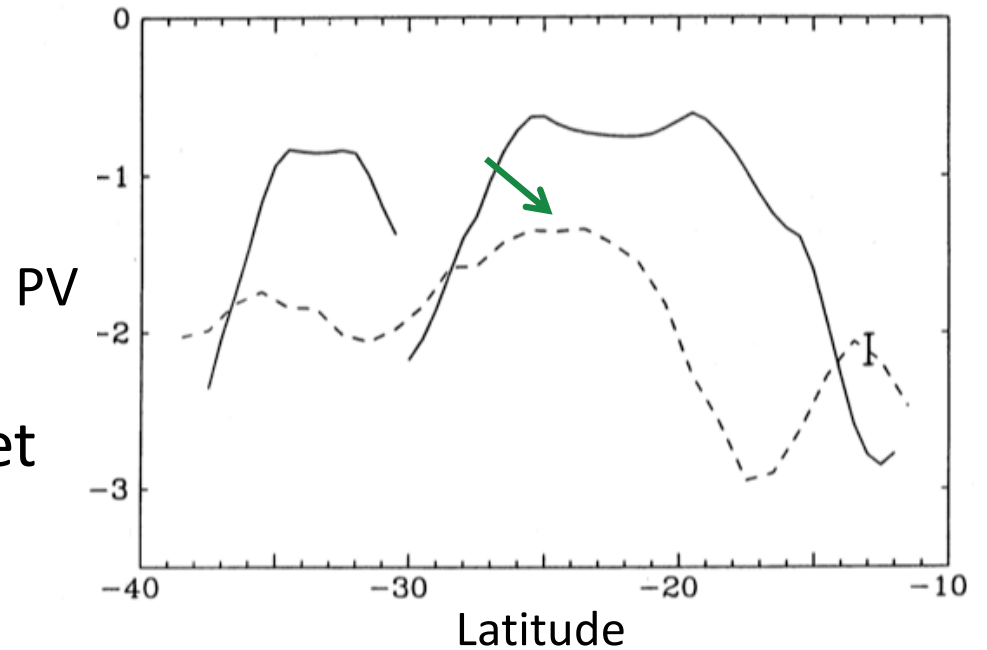
Instead, by:

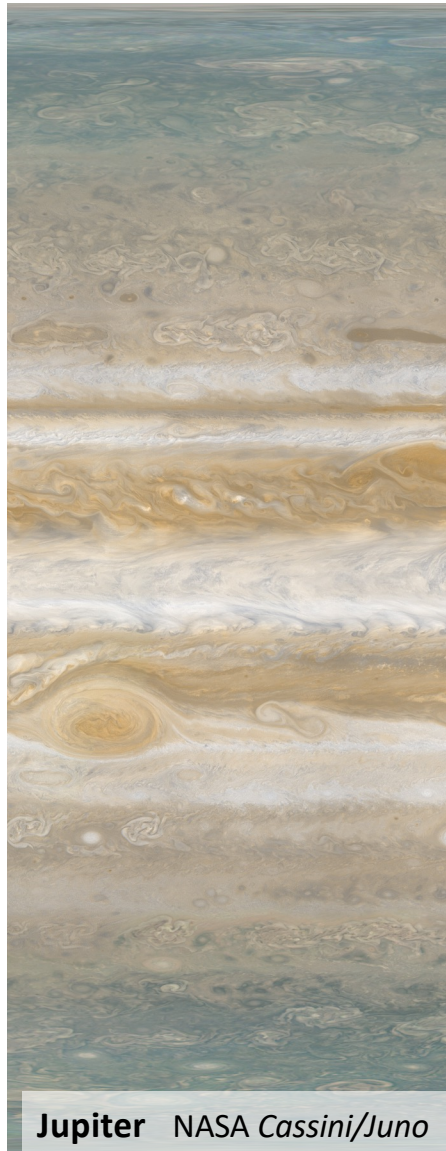
2. *Inferring* interior jets from *Voyager* vorticity (spin) data.



1989:
The GRS straddles
a critical latitude.

Juno has been quiet
to date regarding
critical latitudes.



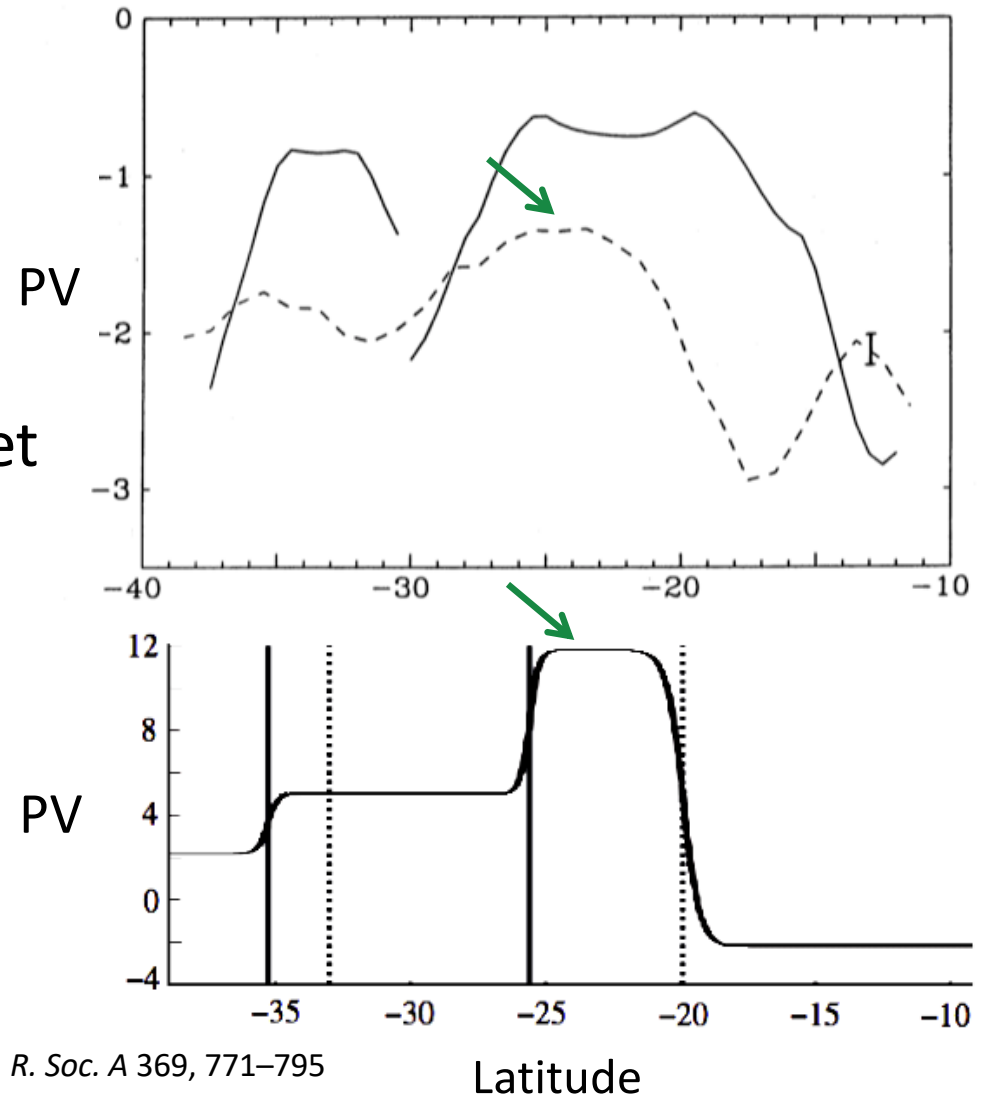


1989:
The GRS straddles
a critical latitude.

Juno has been quiet
to date regarding
critical latitudes.

✓ 2011:
Marcus & Shetty

Marcus and Shetty, 2011, *Phi. Trans. R. Soc. A* 369, 771–795



Jet Stream Theorems

	Unstable Jet	Stable Jet
Necessary Condition	Critical latitude	
Sufficient Condition		No critical latitude

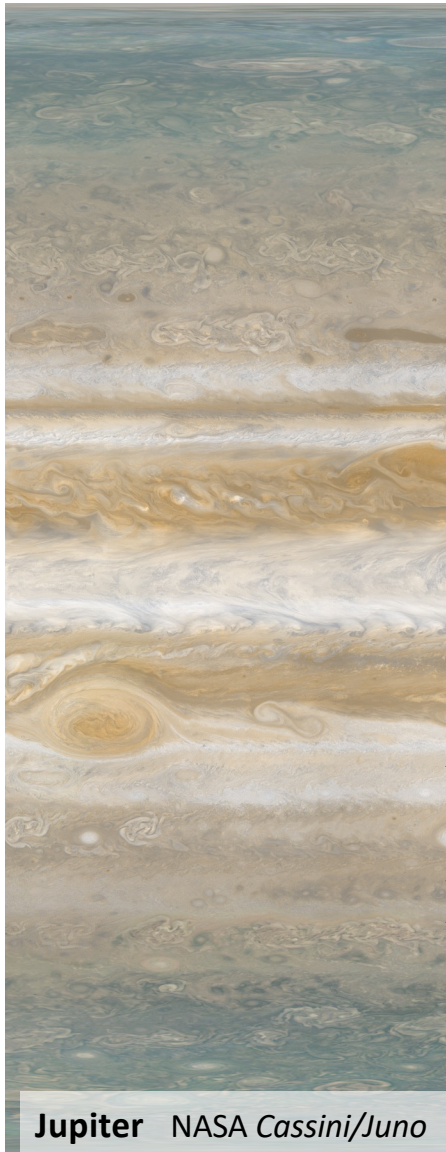
This makes it appear that critical latitudes are major liabilities.

But this is a common mistake. For example:

In the *Wizard of Oz*, Dorothy thinks “witches are old and ugly” ...
but then she learns that “only bad witches are ugly.”

Just so, we need to fill in the blank:

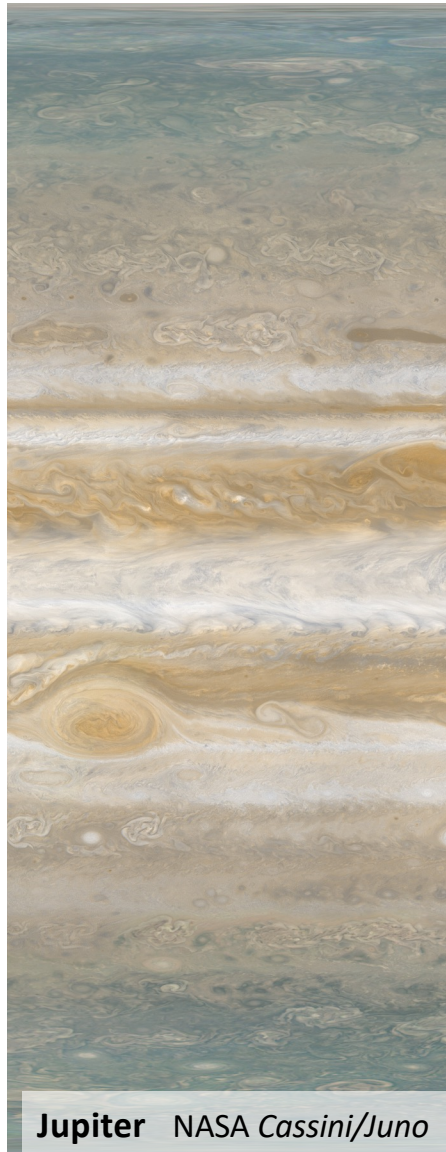
Only ____?____ critical latitudes are unstable.



2006: Wind and temperature data
from *Voyager* and *Cassini* revealed
that Jupiter is striped with
critical latitudes (Read et al.).

Read et al., 2006, *Q. J. R. Meteorol. Soc.* 132, 1577–1603

Jupiter NASA Cassini/Juno



Jupiter NASA Cassini/Juno



2006: Wind and temperature data from *Voyager* and *Cassini* revealed that Jupiter is striped with critical latitudes (Read et al.).

Read et al., 2006, *Q. J. R. Meteorol. Soc.* 132, 1577–1603

2009: Wind and temperature data from *Voyager* and *Cassini* revealed that Saturn is striped with critical latitudes (Read et al.).

Read et al., 2009, *Planet. Space Sci.* 57, 1682–1698

There is not
one elephant witch
in the room.



Saturn NASA Cassini (Jónsson)

1995: Multiple critical latitudes shown to maintain stability by phase locking the fastest (longest) Rossby waves.

Dowling, 1995, *Ann. Rev. Fluid Mech.* 27, 293–334

2009: The longest Rossby waves lock onto the planet's rotation period, yielding:

Read, Dowling & Schubert, 2009, *Nature* 460, 608–610

Jupiter: 9^h 55^m Saturn: 10^h 34^m

Multiple critical latitudes are major assets.

To use these assets, we need to understand how Rossby waves and critical latitudes govern jet stability.

Rossby Wave Example

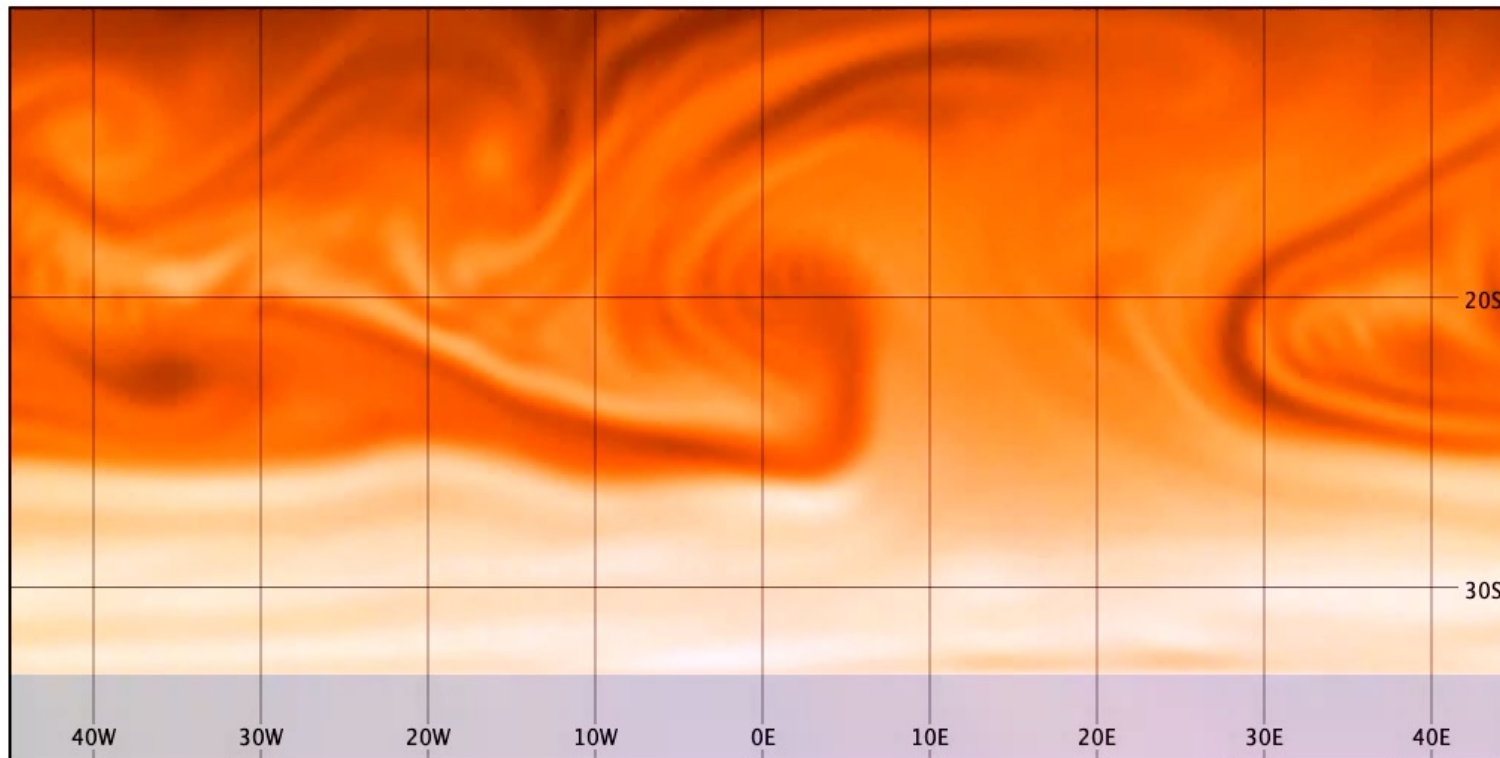
EPIC 5.22

Jupiter

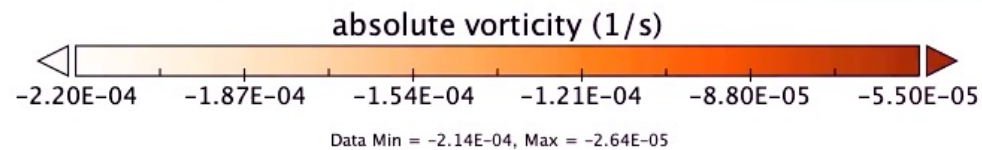
0.25° grid

absolute vorticity

Elapsed time: 1902-02-15 03:19



Long undulations are
long Rossby waves



Keaveney, Lackmann & Dowling

1880: Shear stability theorems began appearing.

Rayleigh (1880)

Kuo (1949)

Fjørtoft (1950)

Charney & Stern (1962)

Arnol'd (1966)

Ripa (1983)

2014: Shear stability theorems were
non-dimensionalized for the first time.

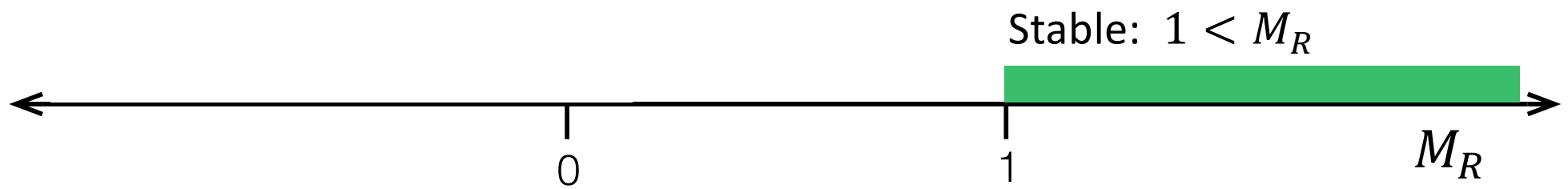
Dowling, 2014, Int. J. Modern Phys. D 23, 1430006

“Supersonic” critical latitudes are stable.

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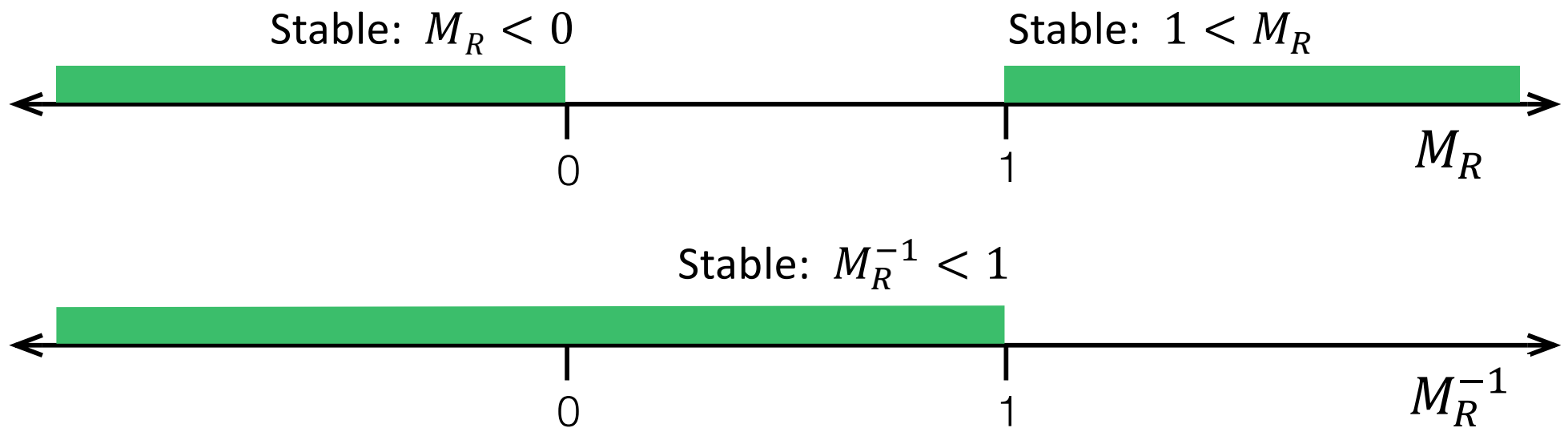
The key to understanding how critical latitudes control Rossby waves is the non-dimensional Rossby Mach number, M_R .

Rossby waves are unidirectional,
hence there are 2 “supersonic” cases:



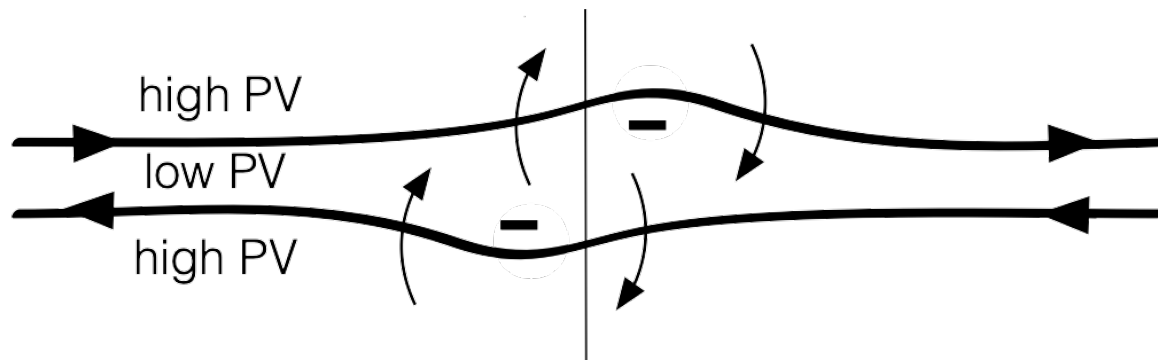
2014: The reciprocal Rossby Mach number
concatenates these into a single stability region.

Rossby waves are unidirectional,
hence there are 2 “supersonic” cases:

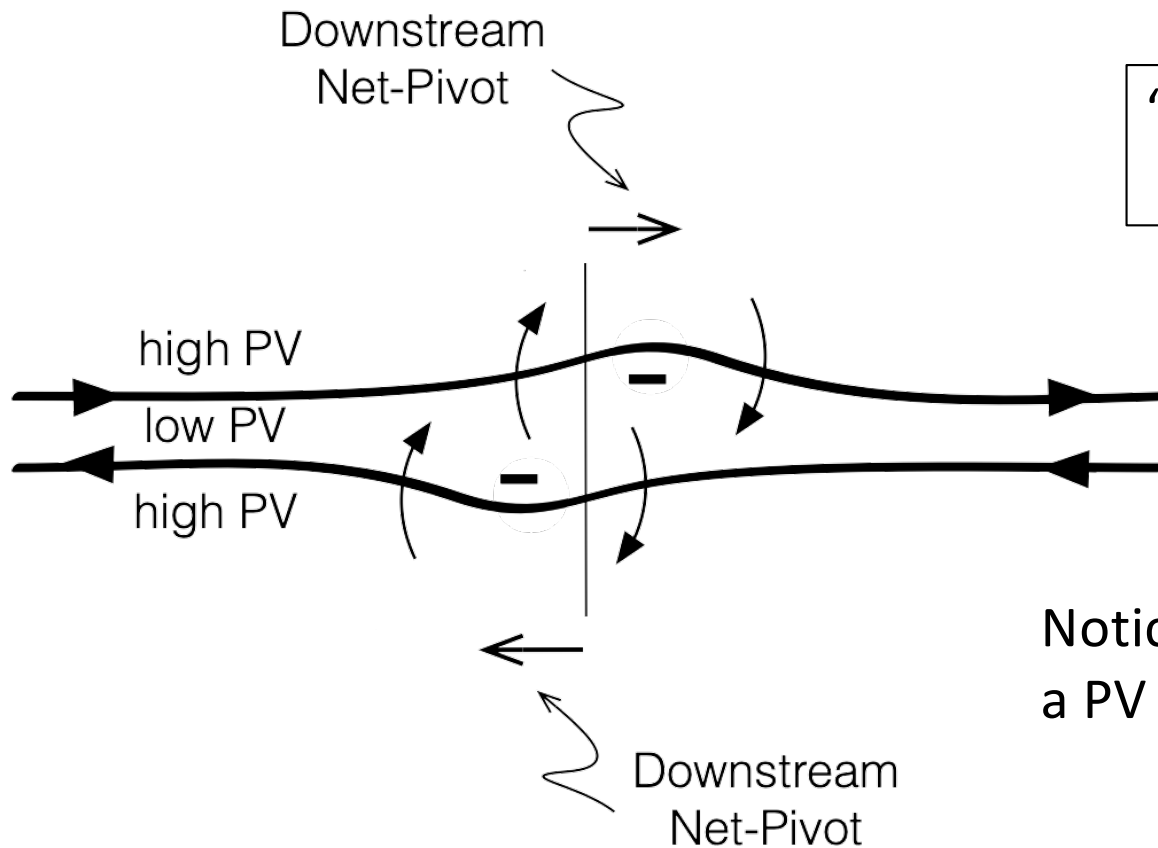


2014: The reciprocal Rossby Mach number
concatenates these into a single stability region.

How “supersonic” critical latitudes work, $M_R^{-1} < 1$



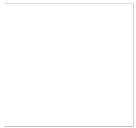
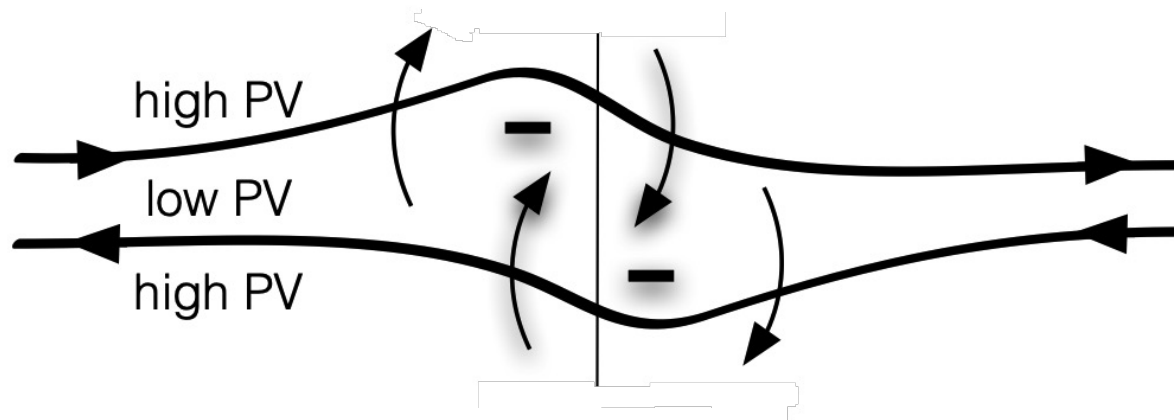
How “supersonic” critical latitudes work, $M_R^{-1} < 1$



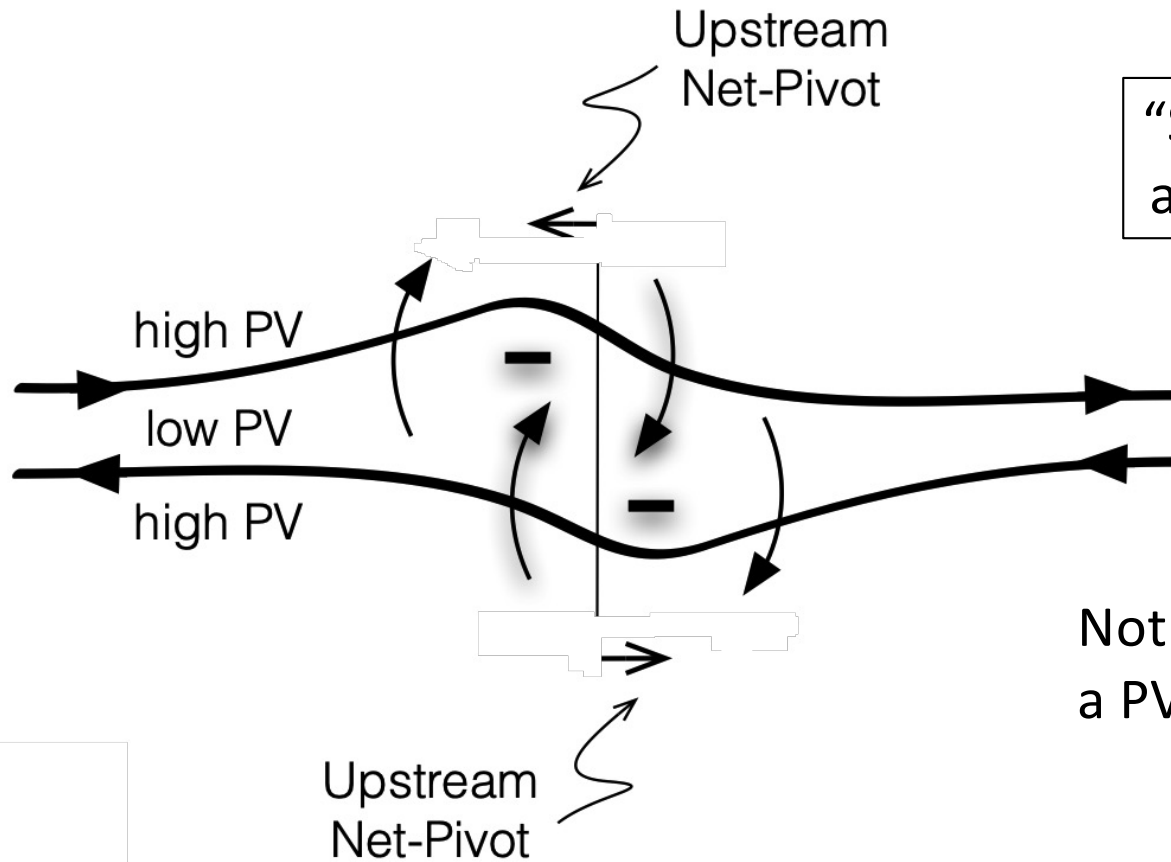
“Supersonic” critical latitudes are proven to be stable.

Notice the negative feedback when a PV eddy pivots with the shear.

How “subsonic” critical latitudes work, $M_R^{-1} > 1$



How “subsonic” critical latitudes work, $M_R^{-1} > 1$



“Subsonic” critical latitudes
are fraught with instability.

Notice the positive feedback when a PV eddy pivots against the shear.

Jet Stream Theorems, Updated

	Unstable Jet	Stable Jet
Necessary Condition	Critical latitude	
Sufficient Condition		No critical latitude

Jet Stream Theorems, Updated

	Unstable Jet	Stable Jet
Necessary Condition	"Subsonic" critical latitude, $M_R^{-1} > 1$	
Sufficient Condition		No "subsonic" critical latitude

This makes it appear that "subsonic" critical latitudes are unstable.

Jet Stream Theorems, Sharp

To prove that a “subsonic” critical latitude is both necessary and sufficient for shear instability:

1. Prove that a “subsonic” critical latitude is necessary and sufficient for the existence of a neutral mode.
2. Prove that a neutral mode is necessary and sufficient for the existence of an unstable mode.

Jet Stream Theorems, Sharp

	Unstable Jet	Stable Jet
Necessary Condition	<u>“Subsonic”</u> critical latitude, $M_R^{-1} > 1$	No <u>“subsonic”</u> critical latitude
Sufficient Condition		

Deguchi, Hirota, and Dowling, Stability of alternating jets:
necessary and sufficient conditions

To Do List

- Determine winds and temperatures from PV inversion (elliptic operator) as in Sun and Lindzen (1994), but with $M_R^{-1} = 1$ instead of $M_R^{-1} = 0$ (w/ *Voyager* vorticity paradigm shift).
- Add the shear stability constraint, $M_R^{-1} \leq 1$, to *Juno* gravity inversions everywhere there are jets (troposphere and interior).
- For systems with multiple stable critical latitudes (Jupiter, Saturn), apply the tight constraint (major asset), $M_R^{-1} \cong 1$:

1989: tops of Jupiter's deep jets (w/o *Juno* gravity data)

2009: Saturn's 10^h34^m period (w/o *Cassini* ring-wave data)