

SKB Task Force GWFTS: Pragmatic Validation Using Predictive Modeling Exercises

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1. SKB Task Force GWFTS

2. Task 10 – Pragmatic Validation



- The international **SKB Task Force on Modeling of Groundwater Flow and Transport of Solutes (TF GWFTS)** was established **1992** to support and interpret field experiments (www.skb.se/taskforce).
- Further objectives: To develop, test and improve tools for conceptual understanding and simulating groundwater flow and transport of solutes in fractured rocks.
- Work is organized in **collaborative modeling tasks**.



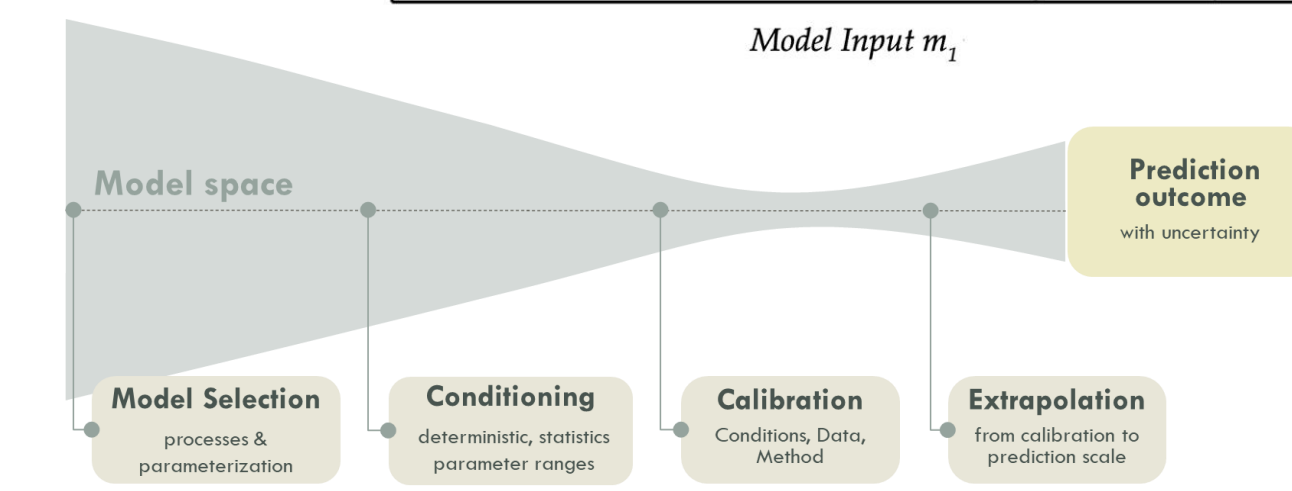
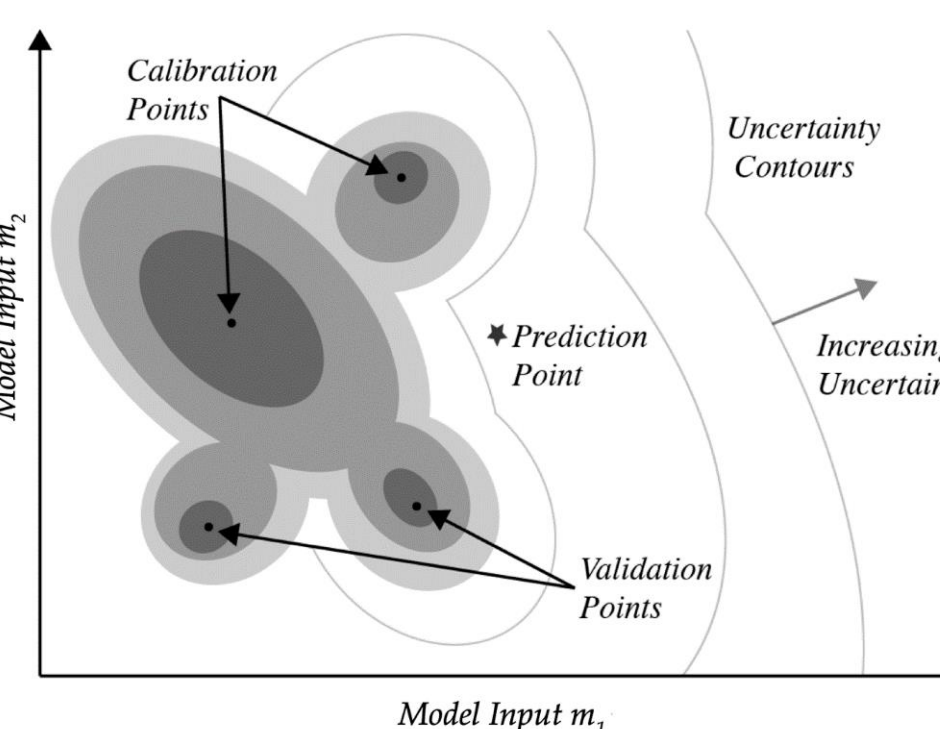
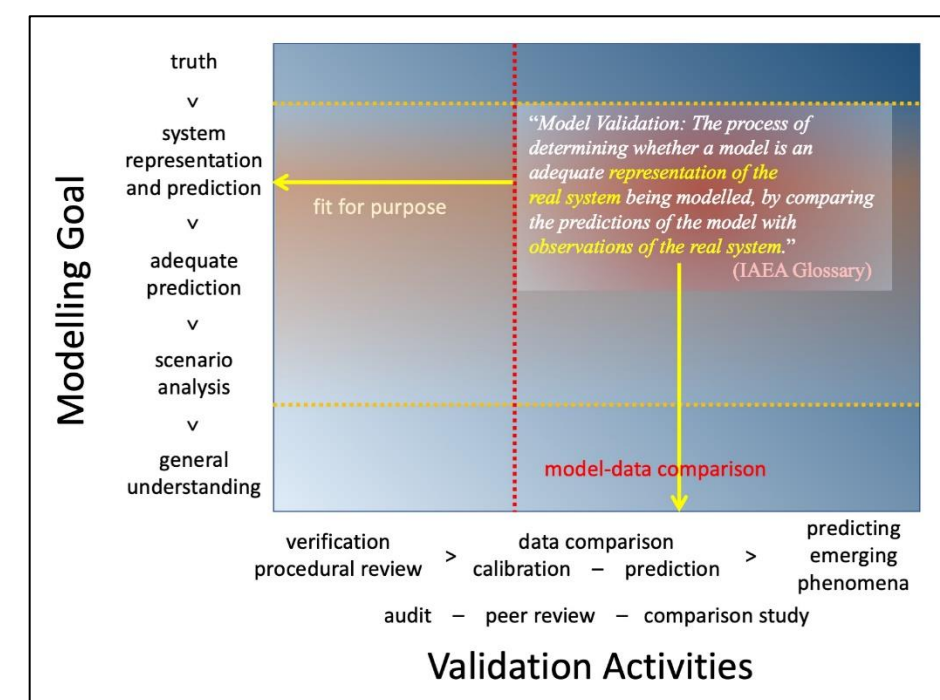
- The participating organizations in TF GWFTS: **BMW**i (Germany), **DOE** (USA), **NUMO** (Japan), **NWMO** (Canada), **KAERI** (Korea), **Posiva** (Finland), **SKB** (Sweden) and **SURAO** (Czech Republic)
- The Modeling Teams are:
BMWi: **GRS**; **DOE**: **LANL**; **NUMO**: **JAEA**; **NWMO**: **Uni. of Waterloo**;
KAERI: **KAERI**; **Posiva**: **VTT**; **SKB**: **Amphos21**, **SU**; **SURAO**: **PROGEO**, **TUL**



Task 10 focuses on **pragmatic validation*** of **hydrogeological** and **transport** models with **discrete features**. Of importance for Task 10 are:

- Pragmatic validation consistent with the IAEA definition of “**fit for purpose**” validation considering limited available data.
- Use of **multiple** conceptual and numerical **models** to quantify **uncertainties/sensitivities**.
- Confidence building** considering model conditioning, calibration and rejection.
- Sensitivity and uncertainty assessment of **key parameters**.
- Progressive validation** as additional data are collected.
- Robust **model audit** to identify and evaluate assumptions and limitations.
- Prediction-outcome (P/O)** exercises to evaluate whether a model is an **adequate representation** of the real system.

*) Finsterle S, Lanyon B. Pragmatic Validation of Numerical Models Used for the Assessment of Radioactive Waste Repositories: A Perspective. Energies 2022, 15, 3585. doi: 10.3390/en15103585

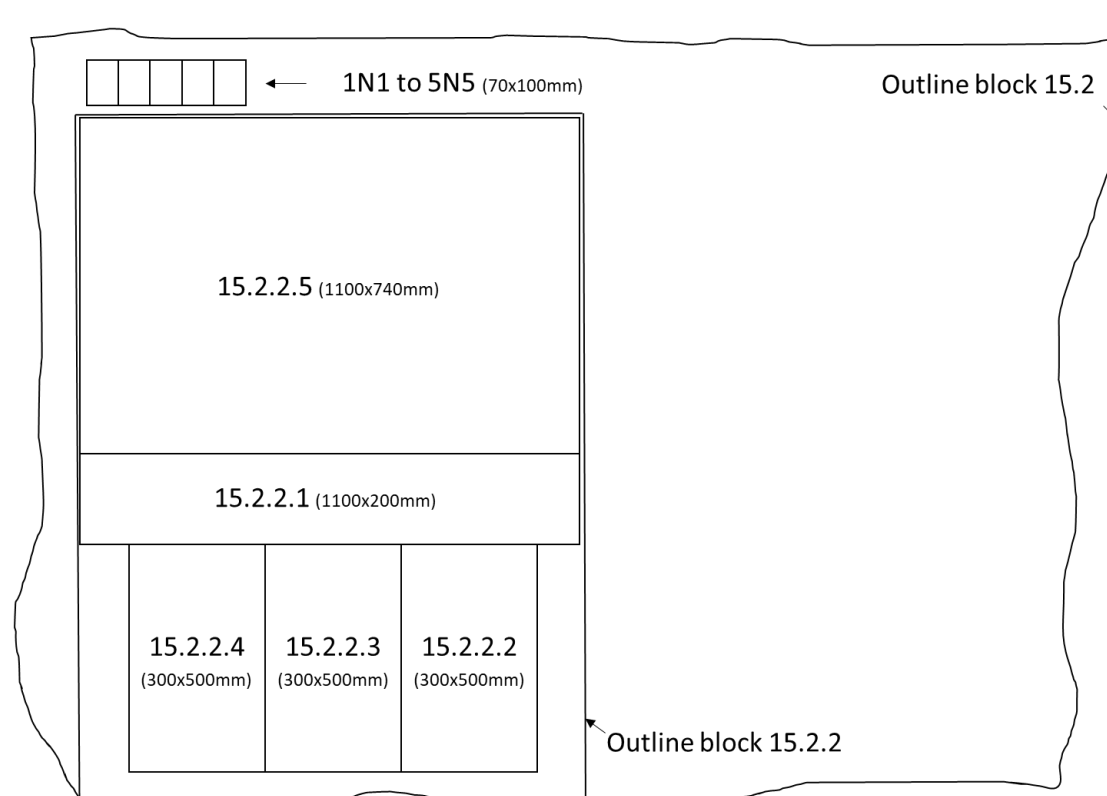


3. Task 10.2.1 – An ongoing P/O exercise

4. Task 10.2.2 – Another ongoing P/O exercise



Data from rock blocks from the Flivik quarry in Sweden



The objectives of the Task 10.2 exercises are to:

- Develop **concepts and models** for flow and transport at the single fracture scale.
- Consider importance of **hydro-mechanical coupling** on flow and transport.
- Develop modelling approaches for **prediction** of:
 - Flow and transport** in single fractures.
 - Upscaled** fracture properties from **borehole to deposition hole scale**.
- Build starting points for pragmatic validation; Task 10.2.1 is a **prediction-outcome** exercise.

Fracture roughness

- Predictions** of the **fracture roughness** distributions on the 1 m scale
- Calculate fracture roughness **Performance Measures (PMs)**
- Determine the **uncertainty range**
- Compare** the results with acceptance criteria, i.e., expected spread of PMs

Fracture aperture

- Predictions** of the **aperture** distribution
- Calculate fracture aperture **PMs**
- Determine the **uncertainty range**
- Compare** the results with the expected spread of PMs

The main objectives of this subtask are:

- Prediction** and **validation** of the **upscaled** fracture geometry from **borehole sized fracture geometry** and/or **fracture trace geometry**.
- Prediction** and **validation** of **flow** along a fracture at different normal stresses.
- Support the **development** and **demonstration of pragmatic validation workflow** at the single fracture scale

In brief, the modelers are expected to:

- Predict aperture distributions** at normal stresses of 0, 1 and 4 MPa and predict the **flow** in two orthogonal directions for these three normal stresses.
- Calculate the **flow rates** at normal stresses of 10, 20, 30 and 40 MPa in the 2-4 direction.
- Explore aspects to be tackled in subsequent subtasks (e.g., transport, or flow and transport on **deposition hole, block and tunnel scales**).
- Address the other items of the **Pragmatic Validation Workflow**.

